

ROMAX D-BLOCK

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Compilation date: 01/04/2015

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Revision No: 2

### Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: ROMAX D-BLOCK

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of substance / mixture: To be used only by professional users holding certification demonstrating compliance with UK

rodenticide stewardship regime requirements. Read label before use. Using this product in a manner that is inconsistent with the label may be an offence. Refer to the CRRU UK Code of Best Practice (or equivalent) for guidance. When this product is supplied to a user for control of rodents, it shall only be supplied to a professional user holding certification demonstrating

compliance with UK rodenticide stewardship regime requirements.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: J.V. Barrett & Co Ltd

Barrettine Environmental Health Ltd

St Ivel Way Warmley Bristol BS30 8TY

United Kingdom

Tel: +44 (0) 1179 672222
Fax: +44 (0) 1179 614122
Email: beh@barrettine.co.uk

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency tel: +44 (0) 1179 672222 (Office hours only 8am - 5pm Mon- Thurs. 8 am - 4.30 pm Fri.)

+44 (0) 1270 502891 (Out of hours emergency number)

# **Section 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification under CLP: Repr. 1B: H360D; STOT RE 2: H373; -: EUH208

Most important adverse effects: May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs [blood] through prolonged or

repeated exposure. Contains 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

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# 2.2. Label elements

Label elements:

Hazard statements: H360D: May damage the unborn child.

 $\hbox{H373: May cause damage to organs [blood] through prolonged or repeated exposure.} \\$ 

EUH208: Contains 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

Hazard pictograms: GHS08: Health hazard



Signal words: Danger

**Precautionary statements:** P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P308+313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280: Wear protective gloves. P260: Do not breathe dust.

P314: Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/container to and in accordance with national regulations.

### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards: Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure. This product contains an

anticoagulant compound. If large quantities are ingested, nosebleed and bleeding gums may occur. In severe cases there may be bruising, haematomas of the joints and blood present in

faeces and urine.

PBT: This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

# Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

### **Hazardous ingredients:**

### 2,2'-IMINODIETHANOL - REACH registered number(s): 01-2119488930-28-XXXX

EINECS	CAS	PBT / WEL	CLP Classification	Percent
203-868-0	111-42-2	-	Acute Tox. 4: H302; STOT RE 2: H373; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Eye Dam. 1: H318	<0.1%

# 3-(3-BIPHENYL-4-YL-1,2,3,4-TETRAHYDRO-1-NAPHTHYL)-4-HYDROXYCOUMARIN

259-978-4	56073-07-5	-	Acute Tox. 2: H300; STOT RE 1: H372;	<0.1%
			Aquatic Chronic 1: H410; Aquatic Acute	
			1: H400	

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#### Non-classified ingredients:

#### ETHYL VANILLIN

EINECS	CAS	PBT / WEL	CLP Classification	Percent
204-464-7	121-32-4	-	Eye Irrit. 2: H319	<0.1%
1,2-BENZISOT	HIAZOLIN-3-ON	E		
220-120-9	2634-33-5	-	Acute Tox. 4: H302; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Sens. 1: H317; Aquatic Acute 1: H400	<0.1%
DENATONIUM	BENZOATE - R	EACH registered number(s): 01-2120	102843-65-XXXX	
223-095-2	3734-33-6	-	Acute Tox. 4: H302+332; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412	<0.1%

### Section 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Skin contact:** Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin. Drench the

affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still on skin. Transfer

to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning. Consult a doctor.

**Eye contact:** Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist

examination. Consult a doctor.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give half a litre of water to

drink immediately. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Transfer to

hospital as soon as possible. Contact a veterinary surgeon in case of ingestion by a pet.

Inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If conscious,

ensure the casualty sits or lies down. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. If unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and provide oxygen if available.

Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin contact: There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure. Irritation or pain may

occur at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin may be fatal.

**Eye contact:** There may be severe pain. The eyes may water profusely.

**Ingestion:** There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting.

Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Absorption through

the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion. Convulsions may occur.

There may be loss of consciousness.

**Delayed / immediate effects:** Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

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### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediate / special treatment: Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. This product containes an anticoagulant substance. If ingested, symptoms, which may be delayed, may include nosebleed and bleeding gums. In severe cases there may be brusing and blood present in the faeces or urine. Contains anticoagulant which may produce bleeding; this may be delayed for several days after exposure. If there is no active bleeding the INR (prothrombin time) should be measured on presentation and 48-72 hours after exposure. If the INR is greater than 4, administer Vitamin K1 (phytomendione) 5-10 mg by slow intravenous injection (100 µg/kg body weight for a child). Treatment with phytomenadione (orally or intravenously) may be required for weveral weeks. The advice of the National Poisons Information Service (http://www.npis.org/) should be sought, particularly if active bleeding occurs.

### Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Suitable extinguishing media for the surrounding fire should be used. Carbon dioxide. Dry chemical powder. Fight larger fires with water spray.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Exposure hazards:** Toxic. In combustion emits toxic fumes.

### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Advice for fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact with skin and eyes. Contain the spread of the firefighting media. Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water courses.

# Section 6: Accidental release measures

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Evacuate the area immediately. If outside do not approach from downwind. If outside keep bystanders upwind and away from danger point. Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised personnel. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective clothing - see section 8 of SDS. Do not create dust.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions:** Do not discharge into drains or rivers.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean-up procedures: Clean-up should be dealt with only by qualified personnel familiar with the specific substance. Transfer to a closable, labelled salvage container for disposal by an appropriate method.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections: Refer to section 8 of SDS.

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# Section 7: Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Handling requirements:** Avoid direct contact with the substance. Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area. Avoid the formation or spread of dust in the air. Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling the product.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage conditions:** Store in a cool, well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from direct sunlight. Avoid contact with water or humidity. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Prevent access of children, birds, pets and farm animals. Protect from frost. Protect

from heat.

Suitable packaging: Must only be kept in original packaging.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s): Rodenticide bait for rodent control.

# Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

# Hazardous ingredients:

# 2,2'-IMINODIETHANOL

# Workplace exposure limits:

# Respirable dust

State	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL	8 hour TWA	15 min. STEL
UK	13 mg/m3	-	-	-

# **DNEL/PNEC Values**

# Hazardous ingredients:

# 2,2'-IMINODIETHANOL

Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effect
DNEL	Inhalation (repeated dose)	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
DNEL	Inhalation (repeated dose)	250 μg/m³	General Population	Local
DNEL	Dermal (repeated dose)	130 μg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Dermal (repeated dose)	70 μg/kg bw/day	General Population	Systemic
DNEL	Oral (repeated dose)	60 μg/kg bw/day	General Population	Systemic
PNEC	Fresh water	20 μg/L	-	-
PNEC	Marine water	2 μg/L	-	
PNEC	Fresh water sediments	92 μg/kg	-	-
PNEC	Marine sediments	9.2 μg/kg	-	-

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PNEC	Microorganisms in sewage treatment	100 mg/L	-	-
PNEC	Soil (agricultural)	6.65 µg/kg	-	-

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Ensure there is exhaust ventilation of the area. Wear suitable respiratory protective

equipment (disposable filtering facepiece respirator to at least FFP-PF 10 or equivalent)

when decanting the product.

Respiratory protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency. Particle filter

class P1 (EN143).

**Hand protection:** Impermeable protective gloves confoming to EN 374.

**Eye protection:** Safety glasses with side-shields. Ensure eye bath is to hand.

**Skin protection:** Impermeable protective clothing. **Environmental:** Avoid release to the environment

# Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

State: Solid Block
Colour: Red/Blue

Odour: Slight odour

Evaporation rate: No data available.

Oxidising: Non-oxidising (by EC criteria)

Solubility in water: Immiscible with water

Viscosity: Not applicable.

Boiling point/range°C: No data available. Melting point/range°C: ~ 60

Flammability limits %: lower: No data available. upper: No data available.

Flash point°C: No data available. Part.coeff. n-octanol/water: Not applicable.

Autoflammability°C: No data available. Vapour pressure: Not applicable.

Relative density: No data available. pH: No data available.

VOC g/I: No data available.

# 9.2. Other information

Other information: No data available.

### Section 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity: Stable under recommended transport or storage conditions.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Chemical stability: Stable at room temperature and if used as recommended.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal transport or storage conditions.

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# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Direct sunlight. Heat. Hot surfaces. Flames.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Haz. decomp. products: In combustion emits toxic fumes.

# **Section 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

# **Toxicity values:**

Route	Species	Test	Value	Units
ORAL	RAT	LD50	>2000	mg/kg
DERMAL	RAT	LD50	>2000	mg/kg
DUST/MIST	RAT	LC50	>5	mg/l

# **Hazardous ingredients:**

# 2,2'-IMINODIETHANOL

IVN	RAT	LD50	778	mg/kg
ORL	MUS	LD50	3300	mg/kg
ORL	RAT	LD50	620	μl/kg
SCU	RAT	LD50	2200	mg/kg

# 3-(3-BIPHENYL-4-YL-1,2,3,4-TETRAHYDRO-1-NAPHTHYL)-4-HYDROXYCOUMARIN

ORL	MUS	LD50	800	μg/kg
ORL	RAT	LD50	680	μg/kg
SKN	RAT	LD50	>50	mg/kg

# **ETHYL VANILLIN**

DERMAL	RAT	LD50	2000	mg/kg
ORAL	RAT	LD50	3160	mg/kg

# 1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE

ORL	MUS	LD50	1150	mg/kg
ORL	RAT	LD50	1020	mg/kg

# Relevant hazards for product:

Hazard	Route	Basis

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Reproductive toxicity		Hazardous: calculated
STOT-repeated exposure	-	Hazardous: calculated

### Symptoms / routes of exposure

Skin contact: There may be redness or whiteness of the skin in the area of exposure. Irritation or pain may

occur at the site of contact. Absorption through the skin may be fatal.

**Eye contact:** There may be severe pain. The eyes may water profusely.

Ingestion: There may be soreness and redness of the mouth and throat. There may be vomiting.

Convulsions may occur. There may be loss of consciousness.

Inhalation: There may be shortness of breath with a burning sensation in the throat. Absorption through

the lungs can occur causing symptoms similar to those of ingestion. Convulsions may occur.

There may be loss of consciousness.

Delayed / immediate effects: Immediate effects can be expected after short-term exposure.

Other information: This product contains an anticoagulant compound. If large quantities are ingested, nosebleed

and bleeding gums may occur. In severe cases there may be bruising, haematomas of the

joints and blood present in faeces and urine.

# Section 12: Ecological information

# 12.1. Toxicity

# Hazardous ingredients:

# 2,2'-IMINODIETHANOL

FISH	96H LC50	460	mg/l
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### 3-(3-BIPHENYL-4-YL-1,2,3,4-TETRAHYDRO-1-NAPHTHYL)-4-HYDROXYCOUMARIN

RAINBOW TROUT (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 96H LC50 0.1	0.1 mg/l
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#### ETHYL VANILLIN

ALGAE	72H EC50	120	mg/l
DAPHNIA	48H EC50	3679	mg/l
FISH	96H LC50	87.6	mg/l

### **DENATONIUM BENZOATE**

ALGAE	72H ErC50	556	mg/l
FISH	96H LC50	100	mg/l

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: No data available.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential: No data available.

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# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility: No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**PBT identification:** This product is not identified as a PBT/vPvB substance.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects: Toxic to mammals, including domesticated animals and birds if ingested. Exposure of non-

target animals should be prevented.

# Section 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**Disposal operations:** Transfer to a suitable container and arrange for collection by specialised disposal company.

Waste code number: 20 01 19

Disposal of packaging: Disposal of contaminated packaging as unused product unless fully cleaned.

NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations

regarding disposal.

### **Section 14: Transport information**

Transport class: This product does not require a classification for transport.

### **Section 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Specific regulations: Not applicable.

# 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessment: A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the substance or the mixture by

the supplier.

### **Section 16: Other information**

#### Other information

Other information: This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EC) No

1272/2008.

This safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Commission Regulation (EU) No

2015/830.

\* indicates text in the SDS which has changed since the last revision.

Phrases used in s.2 and s.3: EUH208: Contains <name of sensitising substance>. May produce an allergic reaction.

H300: Fatal if swallowed.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H302+332: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318: Causes serious eye damage.

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H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H360D: May damage the unborn child.

H372: Causes damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.

H373: May cause damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Legal disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.